

AP Psychology

Unit 6 Developmental Psychology

I know this is a really long reading guide, but it is 7-9% of the whole AP test, which is really big! Pay attention, learn and stay strong! ☺

Module 45: Developmental Issues, Prenatal Development, and the Newborn (pg. 460-470)

- **Developmental Psychology:**
 - 3 major issues in developmental psych (name and define):
 - 1.
 - 2.
 - 3.

A. Prenatal Development and the Newborn

- **Zygotes:**
- **Embryo:**
- **Fetus:**
- Newborns prefer their mothers voice to their fathers immediately after birth. Why?
- **Teratogens:**
- **Fetal Alcohol Syndrome:**
- **Rooting reflex:**
- **Habituation:**

Module 46: Infancy and Childhood: Physical Development (pg. 471-475)

- **Maturation:**
 - Example:
 - By when do you have most of your brain cells?
 - Where is brain growth most rapid from ages 3-6?
 - What are the last areas of the brain to develop?
 - When is the average age of people's earliest memories?

Module 47: Infancy and Childhood: Cognitive Development (pg. 476-487)

- Who is the most famous developmental psychologist?
- **Cognition:**
- According to Piaget, what is the driving force behind our intellectual progression?
- **Schemas:**
 - **Assimilate:**
 - Example:
 - **Accommodate:**
 - Example

Piaget's Stages of Cognitive Development

1. Sensorimotor Stage:

- Age Range:
- **Object permanence:**
 - Example:

2. Preoperational Stage:

- Age range:
- **Conservation:**
 - Example:
- **Symbolic thinking:**
- **Egocentrism:**
 - Example:
- **Theory of mind:**

3. Concrete Operational Stage:

- Age range:

4. Formal Operational Stage:

- Age range: